TeX Live Typesetting Software

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The following notes document the steps to install TeX Live on OpenIndiana Hipster and how to update it using the tlmgr TeX Live package management tool.

To test a virtual machine running TeXLive on OpenIndiana, you can also run the texlive2021 example Vagrantfiles in the vagrantfiles repository :

git clone https://github.com/openindiana/vagrantfiles

1 TeX Live tlmgr Management Tool

The TeX Live Management Tool has both a command line interface and a GUI. The GUI (tlmgr gui) uses Perl Tk and works on OpenIndiana. The following screenshot illustrates tlmgr and the Opendiana MATE desktop :

୬ Applications Places System 🥹 🧐 📃 🛛 🖣) 🔄 📕 Sun Jan 31, 17:10
timgr Options Actions Help	
Repository Loaded: none Load default Default: https://ftp.snt.utwente.nl/pub/software/tex/system	ms/texlive/tinet
Status Category Match Selection	Select all
 Installed Installe	Select none Reset filters
Image: Second	tion
te: scheme-basic In case of problems, please contact: texlive@tug.org) (plain and latex)
Update all installed Update Install Remove	Backup
specifically, the directory /usr/texlive/2020/tlpkg/ is not writable. Please run this program as administrator, or contact your local admin. done loading.	
Terminal TeX Live Manager 2020	

Figure 1: oi-tlmgr

2 TeX Live Cross Platform Installer

See the full TeX Live guide at http://tug.org/texlive for detailed information.

Download the TeX Live Cross Platform Installer from http://mirror.ctan.org/systems/texlive/tl net/install-tl-unx.tar.gz.

There is a script in this package, called install-tl. The goal is to install TeX Live using the cross platform installer as follows :

install-tl

Before doing so, create a special BE (Boot Environment) if you plan to install TeX Live as root (installing as non-root user is recommended by TeX Live).

beadm create -a texlive

Alternatively create a snapshot of the BE to have a possibility to rollback.

The install-tl script installs a utility called tlmgr, the package management utility for TeX Live and, in principle, tlmgr is able to remove (uninstall) a TeX Live installation:

```
# tlmgr remove --all
If you answer yes here the whole TeX Live installation here,
under /usr/texlive/2020, will be removed!
Remove TeX Live (y/N): y
Ok, removing the whole installation:
```

A snapshot of the old BE or a special BE for TeX Live, allows one to rollback to the situation before install without having to use tlmgr to uninstall.

After rebooting into a new BE, run the perl installer script :

install-tl --help

If you wish to use the TeX Live GUI, install the OpenIndiana Perl Tk package (the tk-perl IPS package is available on OpenIndiana release 2022 or higher) :

pkg install -v tk-perl

Then run the TeX Live installer GUI as follows :

install-tl --gui

The next section discusses the interactive mode of the install-tl script.

3 TeX Live Cross Platform Installer Main Menus

The cross platform installer version 57337 of install-tl detects OpenIndiana as Solaris on Intel :

```
./install-tl --version
install-tl (TeX Live Cross Platform Installer) revision 57337
TeX Live (https://tug.org/texlive) version 2020
```

The command to detect the platform is:

```
./install-tl --print-arch
i386-solaris
```

The main menus in interactive mode are :

```
./install-tl
Loading http://ctan.cs.uu.nl/systems/texlive/tlnet/tlpkg/texlive.tlpdb
Installing TeX Live 2020 from: http://ctan.cs.uu.nl/systems/texlive/tlnet (verified)
```

Platform: i386-solaris => 'Solaris on Intel x86' Distribution: net (downloading) Using URL: http://ctan.cs.uu.nl/systems/texlive/tlnet Directory for temporary files: /tmp/eCcsGDKJWY Letters/digits in <angle brackets> indicate =====> <====== menu items for actions or customizations =====> <====== Detected platform: Solaris on Intel x86 set binary platforms: 1 out of 16 <S> set installation scheme: scheme-full <C> set installation collections: 40 collections out of 41, disk space required: 7130 MB <D> set directories: TEXDIR (the main TeX directory): !! default location: /usr/local/texlive/2020 <O> options: [] use letter size instead of A4 by default [X] allow execution of restricted list of programs via \write18 [X] create all format files [X] install macro/font doc tree [X] install macro/font source tree [] create symlinks to standard directories <V> set up for portable installation Actions: <I> start installation to hard disk <P> save installation profile to 'texlive.profile' and exit <H> help <Q> quit Enter command: To add the 64bit executables go into menu "B" : _____ Available platforms: a [] Cygwin on Intel x86 (i386-cygwin) b [] Cygwin on x86_64 (x86_64-cygwin) c [] MacOSX current (10.13-) on x86_64 (x86_64-darwin) d [] MacOSX legacy (10.6-) on x86_64 (x86_64-darwinlegacy) e [] FreeBSD on x86_64 (amd64-freebsd)

```
f [ ] FreeBSD on Intel x86 (i386-freebsd)
g [ ] GNU/Linux on ARM64 (aarch64-linux)
h [ ] GNU/Linux on ARMv6/RPi (armhf-linux)
i [ ] GNU/Linux on Intel x86 (i386-linux)
j [ ] GNU/Linux on x86_64 (x86_64-linux)
k [ ] GNU/Linux on x86_64 with musl (x86_64-linuxmusl)
l [ ] NetBSD on x86_64 (amd64-netbsd)
m [ ] NetBSD on Intel x86 (i386-netbsd)
o [X] Solaris on Intel x86 (i386-solaris)
p [ ] Solaris on x86_64 (x86_64-solaris)
s [ ] Windows (win32)
```

Select "p" to add Solaris on x86_64 for the TeX Live binaries for that architecture.

TeX Live works with "schemes"; the basic scheme (TeX and latex) requires about 270 MB of space :

```
select scheme:
a [ ] full scheme (everything)
b [ ] medium scheme (small + more packages and languages)
c [ ] small scheme (basic + xetex, metapost, a few languages)
d [X] basic scheme (plain and latex)
e [ ] minimal scheme (plain only)
f [ ] ConTeXt scheme
g [ ] GUST TeX Live scheme
h [ ] infrastructure-only scheme (no TeX at all)
i [ ] teTeX scheme (more than medium, but nowhere near full)
j [ ] custom selection of collections
Actions: (disk space required: 270 MB)
<R> return to main menu
<Q> quit
```

The default installation is going to /usr/local/texlive/2020, but in the Directories menu this can be changed :

Directories customization:

<1> TE>	KDIR:	/usr/texlive/2020
main tı	ree: /	usr/texlive/2020/texmf-dist
<2> TE>	XMFLOCAL:	/usr/texlive/texmf-local
<3> TE>	XMFSYSVAR:	/usr/texlive/2020/texmf-var
<4> TE	KMFSYSCONFI	G: /usr/texlive/2020/texmf-config
<5> TE>	KMFVAR:	~/.texlive2020/texmf-var
<6> TEX	XMFCONFIG:	~/.texlive2020/texmf-config
<7> TE>	XMFHOME:	~/texmf

The installer can also create symbolic links such as /usr/bin/tex to the /usr/texlive/2020 binaries, as can be set in the Options menu : _____

Options customization:

```
<P> use letter size instead of A4 by default: []
<E> execution of restricted list of programs: [X]
<F> create all format files: [X]
<D> install font/macro doc tree: [X]
<S> install font/macro source tree: [X]
<L> create symlinks in standard directories: [X]
binaries to: /usr/bin
manpages to: /usr/share/man
info to: /usr/share/info
```

4 TeX Live Package Manager Queries

After installation of TeX Live, it is possible to make queries on what is exactly installed :

```
# tlmgr info schemes
i scheme-basic: basic scheme (plain and latex)
scheme-context: ConTeXt scheme
scheme-full: full scheme (everything)
scheme-gust: GUST TeX Live scheme
```

- i scheme-infraonly: infrastructure-only scheme (no TeX at all)
 scheme-medium: medium scheme (small + more packages and languages)
- i scheme-minimal: minimal scheme (plain only)
 scheme-small: small scheme (basic + xetex, metapost, a few languages)
 scheme-tetex: teTeX scheme (more than medium, but nowhere near full)

The above output shows that scheme-minimal, scheme-infraonly and scheme-basic were installed.

New updates can be retrieved from the repository. Unless a special repository was used during installation (with the –repository switch for install-tl), the output of the default package repository can be something like :

```
# tlmgr option repository
Default package repository (repository): http://ctan.cs.uu.nl/systems/texlive/tlnet
```

Information on specific packages can be obtained with tlmgr :

tlmgr info babel
package: babel
category: Package
shortdesc: Multilingual support for Plain TeX or LaTeX

longdesc: This package manages culturally-determined typographical (and other) \hookrightarrow rules for a wide range of languages. A document may select a single language to \rightarrow be supported, or it may select several, in which case the document may switch \hookrightarrow from one language to another in a variety of ways. Babel uses contributed configuration files that provide the detail of what has to be done for each \hookrightarrow \rightarrow language. Included is also a set of ini files for about 200 languages. Many language styles work with pdfLaTeX, as well as with XeLaTeX and LuaLaTeX, out of \hookrightarrow \hookrightarrow the box. A few even work with plain formats. installed: Yes revision: 57530 src: 1469k, doc: 809k, run: 3729k sizes: relocatable: No cat-version: 3.53 cat-license: lppl1.3 cat-topics: multilingual cat-related: polyglossia cat-contact-repository: https://github.com/latex3/babel cat-contact-bugs: https://github.com/latex3/babel/issues collection: collection-latex

5 TeX Live Updating

Suppose that you have installed a version of TeX Live from a specific date :

./install-tl --repository https://texlive.info/tlnet-archive/2020/12/28/tlnet/

After installation, you have TeX Live from December 28, 2020.

It is possible then to change the repository and update to the latest version.

```
# tlmgr option repository https://texlive.info/tlnet-archive/2021/01/28/tlnet
tlmgr: setting default package repository to

→ https://texlive.info/tlnet-archive/2021/01/28/tlnet
tlmgr: updating /usr/texlive/2020/tlpkg/texlive.tlpdb
```

To update the packages of TeX Live to the default repository :

tlmgr update --all

The TeX Live package management tool has its own mechanism of making backups:

/usr/texlive/2020/tlpkg/backups

6 Removing TeX Live

In principle, tlmgr is able to remove (uninstall) a TeX Live installation:

```
# tlmgr remove --all
If you answer yes here the whole TeX Live installation here,
under /usr/texlive/2020, will be removed!
Remove TeX Live (y/N): y
Ok, removing the whole installation:
```

If you have made a BE (boot environment) from before the TeX Live installation you can also rollback to an older BE as an alternative to uninstalling the software with tlmgr.